

BR

F

IRAQ

to April 1941

GROBBA, FRITZ KONRAD F.

Real name at birth, Arthur Borg; present name is A. Borg, reversed and with 'b' added / German diplomat and Nazi 'Lawrence of Arabia' born 1886; student Berlin University and Greifswald University, Germany; married a Syrian Arab woman (now deceased); entered foreign service, 1913; served in World War I, with German Army on Turkish Front (wounded); retired to Bavarian mountains after war and death of wife; became Mohammedan and student of Orientalology; became director Cologne Passport Office, 1921; persuaded by General Erich Ludendorff to undertake military intrigues in Middle East, and appointed charge d'affaires in Afghanistan, 1923; sent to Bagdad in 1932 as minister to Iraq and while there arranged exchange of visitors between Germany and Iraq to view war games, and arranged research units who came to Iraq (in both events the Germans stayed on in Iraq); when Arabs attacked British pipelines in Iraq, Grobba^{was} discovered to be instigator, (over)

(11098)

IRAQ

GROBBA, FRITZ KONRAD F.

- 2 -

to April 1941

October 1938; fled to Saudi Arabia, 1939; in Saudi Arabia catered to and cultivated Iraqi officials; continued his plan with officials of Iraq, Damascus, 1940; formed pro-Nazi organization of natives within army of Iraq; obtained sympathy of Rashid Ali El GAILANI (GERMANY), who led revolt which drove out regent and set up pro-Axis government which started war with British, April 1941, thus bringing success to Grobba's intrigues, although British finally defeated Iraqi insurgents and drove out Rashid Ali El GAILANI.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, quarterly cumulation, September 1, 1941

IRAQ

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Who's Who Monthly Supplement, quarterly cumulation, September 1, 1941

11196
6168

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

GROBBA

Mentioned along with Max von Oppenheim, Schwoerbel, and Chappeaurouge as one of those around von Hentig (q.v.) in the Auswaertiges Amt in Berlin.

Paul Schwarz, May 5, 1942
Dulles- Wilson - Sept. 24, 1942

B-620

7-10

REFERENCE CARD

IRAQ SEE: TURKEY

GROBBA, DR.

Of the German Legation; described by source as "a first-class propagandist" and one of the most popular men in Baghdad, invited to all official and social functions.

Interview with Dr. Staudt

March 26, 1942

8664

R

IRAQ

rpt June, 1942

GROBBA, Dr. FRITZ

Alias Hermann Graub, Arthur Borg / born 1886; attached to German consulate at Jerusalem in 1912; served in Flanders and on Suez Canal during first war; Charge d'Affaires in Kabul 1923-26; head of Oriental Section of FO 1926-32 / Minister to Iraq in 1932; in this position, cultivated Arab discontent, helped engineer military coup of Bekir Sedki, influenced newspapers and Baghdad radio, but for a time failed to get Iraq to denounce its treaty with Britain; according to reports in 1941, was providing lavish entertainment and gifts for dissatisfied Arab politicians; also gave financial support to GRAND MUFTI (GERMANY) in Palestine and to fanatical groups in Syria / left Iraq only at outbreak of war and reappeared mysteriously during Iraq

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8664
IRAQ

-2-
GROBBA, Dr. Fritz

rpt June 1942

coup of May 1941 / according to Washington Post of June 11, 1942, he was reported to have just escaped from Yeman.

Published sources, 1936 - June 11, 1942
Anne Fuller, German Agents in the Near East, June 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

September 22, 1942

GROBBA, Dr.

Minister / according to the Rome radio, was present at a ceremony held by the Moslems Society in Berlin on Sept. 22, at which Rashid Ali al GAILANI gave an address.

BBC Intake Report for Sept. 21-27, 1942, p. 386 (from Field)

GERMANY also IRAQ

F

rpt August 1, 1943

GROBBA, Dr. CONRAD FERDINAND FRITZ

Real name is Artur BORG / one of most dangerous of German spies; discovered by Ludendorff who sent him to Near East as chief of Military Espionage there during first war / was German Minister at Baghdad from 1932-39; organized revolt in Iraq in 1941; has been attached to German Embassy in Ankara for some time / speaks a variety of native Arab dialects; is rumored to have turned Mohammedan / according to British reports, is being held responsible for failure of espionage operations in Africa and has been placed under arrest.

Eugene Tillinger, Washington Post, August 1, 1943, p. 2B

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GERMANY

GROBBA, FRITZ CONRAD FERDINAND

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REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

GRÖßER

Archbishop of Freiburg; Msgr. SPROLL (q.v.) lived with him in Freiburg during period of Sproll's expulsion from his own diocese of Rottenburg.

Pro-Deo Report #58 October 15, 1942

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8165

REFERENCE CARD

7-16 ?

GERMANY

GRÖNBER, BISHOP

With Cardinal FAULHABER, Bishops von GALEN and von PREYSING, at Fulda Conference (Aug. 19, 1942), desired that the stand of Catholic Church against Nazism be made clearer, rather than more collaboratiOnist as Cardinal BERTHAM (q.v.) desired.

Pro Deo Report #67, October 29, 1942

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BR FU-785

GERMANY

GRÖBER, CO., AD

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BR FU-892 "

GERMANY

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GROBER, Archbishop CONRAD

• For report on 'The Political Attitude of German Catholic Bishops', see document.

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BR FU-283

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GERMANY

GRÖBER, HANS

117281

GERMANY

C

rpt c. October 1941

GROBER, RUTH LIST

Daughter of Field Marshal von LIST; 26 years old; married to
air force Captain Grober, now P/W in England.

Stephen Laird, c. October 1941
R&A, Central European Section

(11398)

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

GROHE

to November 1940

Gauleiter of Cologne / about 50 / of middle class origin; comes from village in the Eifel by Mosel and Rhine / has been helped considerably by the Jews / was at one time deputy in parliament of Cologne / several years before Hitler came into power, was attacked for his nationalistic viewpoint by both the Church and the Socialists.

O/W/Eu/R, Cologne to 1940
F.E., January 9, 1943

GERMANY

February 28, 1943

GROHE

Gauleiter / made a speech on February 28, 1943 in which he warned that relentless measures would be taken against those spreading rumors in bombed cities.

Stockholms-Tidningen, March 2, 1943
European Press Intelligence, March 3, 1943

(11098)

BR FU-188

GERMANY

GROHMANN, Dr. GEORG

(11098)

A-952

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

November 20, 1942

GROKNEH

Was in favor of negotiating with Hitler during STINNES crisis,
and for dropping Stinnes / was supported in this by TREVIHANUS
(q.v. Canada).

S.O.E., London, November 20, 1942

PS

FINLAND

rpt January 24, 1943

GRONHOLM

Military Attaché in Berlin / was injured
in a motor accident while riding in a car
with von STOCKHAUSEN, who was killed.

News Digest, January 24, 1943

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

September 23, 1942

GROENVALD

Landesgauernfuehrer / spoke about food situation at workers' meeting at Ahlhorn.

Bremer Nachrichten, September 23, 1942

British Overseas Press Summaries, #71, p.5

BR FU-368

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GERMANY

GROPIUS, ALFRED-FELIX

(11090)

BR FU-208

GERMANY

GROSCHKE, ROBERT

C

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

GROSS (GROOS? GROHS?)

Criminal Councillor; experienced criminologist; called from Cologne to Berlin by Patzchowski (q.v.); plump, middle height, hard of hearing, between 45 and 50; reputedly took decisive part in passive resistance against French and English in occupation of Rhineland; head of Sub-dept. West in Gestapo Dept. III which handles high treason and counter espionage in France, Belgium, Holland, Luxembourg, England, and Scotland.

Inside the Gestapo by Hansjürgen Koehler - London, 1940 - p.40.

F

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

GROSS, Maj. General

His promotion from colonel was effective April 1, 1943.

State Department plain cable, Bern, April 30, 1943

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BR FU-425

C

GERMANY

GROSS, THERESE

110981

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

December 10, 1942

GROSS, PROFESSOR WALTER

Head of Nazi Institute of Racial Policy / has recently declared that Nazis would not allow marriages between Germans and 'lower' races - Italians not excluded / "all foreigners are unknown quantities" he declared, adding that this was also true of Scandinavians.

Stockholm, December 10, 1942

New York Times, December 11, 1942

R&A - Neumann

GERMANY

GROSS, Dr. WALTER

rpt April 26, 1943

Chief of the Racial Office in the NSDAP; deputy director of the Main Department II in the Reich Committee for Health / a doctor, and has also obtained the title of Professor of Medicine; Main Department II deals with population policy, eugenics, purity of race etc. / the most articulate spokesman of racial purity; has drafted the Nuremberg laws and those dealing with sterilization and castration / at meeting in March 1941 of new Frankfurt Institute for Research on the Jewish Question, he provided the ideological basis for further brutalization of the anti-Jewish legislation / he incessantly censures the Sterilization Courts for any softening in their attitude towards what the Nazis call unhealthy people.

R&A, Central European Section (Neumann), April 26, 1943

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A 1482

GERMANY

rpt December 14, 1942

GROSSE, KARL

Manager of Grossdeutsche Schacht & Tiefbau A.G., Mulheim which is combining with various other industrial concerns to form an industrial combine which has received the concession to search for oil at Jaslo, Drohobyz and Stanislau.

Source: of unknown reliability, December 14, 1942
OSS Washington, February 3, 1943

(11098)

R

GERMANY

rpt June 24, 1943

GROSSHEINRICH, Captain ALFRED

Captain-at-Sea; in the German Navy /recently awarded the
Knight Cross of the Iron Cross.

Berlin radio, June 24, 1943
FCC, Daily Report, June 25, 1943

GERMANY

rpt March 14, 1943

GROSSHEHR

Deputy Gauleiter in Königsberg.

Königsberger Allgemeine Zeitung, March 14, 1943
News Digest, March 23, 1943

110981

January 1, 1943

GERMANY

GROSSMANN, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

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0-3986

GERMANY

rpt March 1, 1943

GROSSMAN

Engineer / Siemens and Demag are making every effort to inspect the iron works at Karabuk, Turkey; the firm Sazmas in Istanbul received on February 20, 1943, a telegram from Siemens, Berlin, saying that the above firms are prepared to send Grossman to Turkey for the negotiations about the motors and other deliveries to the works at Karabuk, but that as Grossman can be absent from Germany at most two weeks, he would only come if everything was prepared for the negotiations.

Turkish business man, reliability unknown
B, Istanbul, March 1, 1943

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

1937

GRÖTJENHERDT

In 1937 he wrote an article for Soldatentum entitled 'How Does the Healthy, Natural, Simple Man Think?'; it was concerned with the selection and indoctrination of non-commissioned officers.

Committee for Natinal Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, pp. 28, 88

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

GROTH, CAPTAIN HEINZ

Judge in a small Bavarian town; amateur mountain climber; led small Ebrus expedition in Caucasus; captured mountain stronghold, inhabited not by Caucasians, but by Mongolians; others on expedition included: Dr. VONKRAUS, Gorter GERMAN, ski champion, LEOPOLD (qq.v.).

Swedish Press Report, Sept. 5, 1942

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R

GERMANY

rpt July 10, 1942

GROTH, HUGO

Of the Malzfabrik Niedersedlitz / in place of Hermann KRAUSE, he, Hans Ulrich KRAUSE, and Dr. FLOTTE, have been appointed to the Board of Overseers of the Planeta Druckmaschinenwerk AG of Radebeul.

Europa Kabel, July 10, 1942

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IP
A 533

GERMANY

rpt February 25, 1943

GROTHE, Captain

Sonderführer K / was head of press censorship in Wehrmacht's Propaganda Battalion in France until June 1941 and regarded as the battalion's real leader; his knowledge of French people and France was excellent / on his return to Germany he is said to be responsible for the pamphlets dropped among Allied troops; was succeeded in Paris by 2nd Lt. JUNGES.

Confidential and reliable source
OSS, Washington, February 25, 1943

(11098)

3113

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

6
rpt April 14, 1942

GROTHE, Count FRITZ von

Nazi leader in Mecklenburg / descendent of one of the great families of Mecklenburg; owner of the estate; Vartherthin; was one of the first Mecklenburg junkers to join the Nazis and became almost ruler of that country--being second only to the Nazi Statshalter HILDEBRAND / married (about 1930) to an American girl of the Boston aristocracy, whose relatives are all living in Massachusetts; as Grothe really is one of the fanatical and highly placed Nazis, it is not impossible that useful clues could be found with the Boston family of his wife which can probably be easily traced in the Boston Social Register.

Putlitz (W/De/Eu/Q), April 6, 1942
OSS, New York, April 14, 1942

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S

GERMANY

rpt August 2, 1943

"
GRUNBERG, H. B. von

Professor of political economy at Konigsberg University / gau-
amtsleiter / attacks the predominance of objectivity in Germany
among the 20 year olds.

PW Weekly Roundup No. 19, to August 2, 1943
R&A, Central European Section

(11794)

E

GERMANY

August 1, 1943

GRÜNBERG, HANS BERNHARD von

Rector of Königsberg University; high ranking local party member; professor for East Prussian political economy; Gauleiter; head of provincial land planning committee and chairman of East Prussian Institute; holds all these positions without any apparent scholarly merits / recently intimated that he had taken active part in rise of Nazis to power / in the Preussische Zeitung, August 1, 1943, he calls on the 'Old Guard' of which he is a member, exhorting them to stand fast in the face of approaching danger.

PW Weekly Roundup, Central Europe, No. 22, August 17 - 23, 1943

(110981)

13998

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

G. EMERY

rt December 9, 1942

HÜNDGENS, GUSTAV

Actor / one of five German artists who were released from
all fighting services by HITLER in 1939; others also exempted
were: Gottfried MÜLLER, Wieland WAGNER, and Otto BREKER
(G.V.).

P/we/E/R

OS, New York, December 9, 1942

CD

S-3

GERMANY

August 26, 1943

GRUNEBORG

One of many high officers who have recently been executed /
for others see von ARNIM.

OSS #21572, Bern, August 26, 1943

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BR FU-267

C

GERMANY

GRUNER, ISA

.117981

CID-00342-C

GERMANY

to summer 1939

GRÜNEWALD

One of the SS officers in charge of Dachau concentration camp /
named by source as being particularly cruel.

German, in Dachau from March 1938 to summer 1939
FE interview #N-1373 (Carroll), New York, April 12, 1943

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CID
16658-F

GERMANY

rpt September 1941

GRUNWALDT, H. H.

Director of the Psychological Testing Station of the 3rd Army
Corps of Berlin; deputy director of Psychological Laboratory.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, p. 71, 88

(11098)

prior to February 17, 1943

GERMANY ?

GRZYB, LANGINA

Recently released from internment
in Germany / born March 14, 1924,
in Ostrowo.

State Department Plain Cable, Bern, February 17, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

GUDBJORNSSON, MAGNUS
CHARLOTTENBURG 5
RICHTSTR, BERLIN

Envelope from Dr. Briem, Lisbon to Fru Briem, Iceland dated March 11, 1942. Enclosed was a letter from subject to Fru Gudbjorn Gudmundsson, Iceland Feb. 24, 1942. Subject states that about the middle of December last year he obtained a splendid job in Berlin doing translations from German to Icelandic and other similar work. He is allowed to send money to Denmark and intends to go to Copenhagen for a few days during the summer. Last Christmas he sent greetings which were read in an Icelandic broadcast from Berlin. He speaks of good friends there and in Denmark and the pleasure it has given him to enlighten the Germans about Iceland.

USNC LIV 16537

(90)

GERMANY

to 1941

GUDERIAN, Col. Gen. HEINZ

Born in Kulm, 1888; entered army 1906; captain in 1915; was retained in army after the first war; major in 1927; in War Ministry in 1928; lt. colonel in 1931 and chief of staff of General Inspector of Motorized Troops; maj. general in 1930; lt. general in 1938 and successor of von LUTZ / took part in occupation of Austria; became General and Chief of 'Schwellen Truppen' in November 1938 / was awarded Knight's Cross in 1939 and Oak-Leaves in 1941.

Published sources through February 23, 1943 (see report)
Heine, Würdenträger im Dritten Reich, London, March 18, 1943

(11098)

11669

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

September 9, 1942

GUDERIAN, GENERAL

Dismissed from G.H.Q. because of his lack of success and resourcefulness / Generals HOPNER and WITZLEBEN also dismissed.

Polish Intelligence, No. 224 -736/42
September 9, 1942